# ACROPARS OP – LIQUID COLD CURE ORTHODINTIC RESIN

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### I- MANUFACTURER:

Marlic Medical Industries Co. Unit 8, No. 12, Fajr St, Motahari Ave. P.O.BOX: 15754-431 Tehran – Iran

#### **II- TELEPHONE:**

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III- PRODUCT: ACROPARS OP – LIQUID

IV- CHEMICAL NAME: METHYL METHACRYLATE

## 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**HAZARD SYMBOL:** • HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT (S): CAS NO. % Methyl Methacrylate > 95 80-62-6 F.Xi 97-90-5 Χi Crosslinker < 5 Accelerator 99-97-8 < 1 Χn

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENITIFICATION

- Highly flammable.
- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact High atmospheric concentrations
  may lead to irritation of the respiratory tract and anesthetic effects. Repeated and/ or prolonged contact may cause
  dermatitis

#### 4. FIRST - AID MEASURES

• INHALATION: Remove patient from exposure, keep warm and at rest. Obtain immediate medical

attention.

• SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing, Wash skin immediately with water. Of symptoms

(irritation or blistering) occur obtain medical attention.

• EYE: Irrigate with eyewash solution or clean water, holding the eyelids apart, for at least 15

minutes. Obtain immediate medical attention.

• INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth with water and give 200-300 ml (half a pint)

of water to drink. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Call a physician.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Activated charcoal slurry may be administered. To prepare activated charcoal slurry, suspend 50 grams activated charcoal in 400 ml wear and mix thoroughly. Administer 5 ml/kg, or 350 ml, for an average adult.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

• FLASH POINT (METHOD): 1.5°C (52.7°F)(TCC)

TEMPERATURE:

• APPROX. FLAMMABLE LEL 2.1% UEL 12.5%

LIMITS:

• AUTOIGNITION:

421°C(789.8°F) Highly flammable. May polymerize on heating. Sealed containers may

rupture explosively if hot.

• EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water spray, form, dry powder or CO2. Keep fire exposed containers cool by spraying

with water.

A self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing should be worn

• FIRE FIGHTING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

in fire conditions.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Eliminate sources of ignition. Ensure suitable personal protection (including respiratory protection during removal of spillages. Prevent entry into drains. Adsorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Do not adsorb onto sawdust or other combustible materials. Transfer to a container for disposal or recovery. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

• PRECAUTIONS FOR

HANDLING:

Observe precautions found on the label. Close container after each use. Ground all

metal containers when transferring. Use explosion-proof equipment.

• HANDLING: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Avoid inhalation of high concentration of vapors. Use only in well ventilated areas. The vapor is heavier than air; beware of pits and confined spaces. Take precautionary

measures against static discharges.

• STORAGE: Keep only in original container. Store in cool, dry place away from heat, sparks, flame

and direct sunlight. Keep container closed to prevent water absorption and

contamination. Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking.

• IMPORTANT: Methacrylate stored in bulk must be kept in contact with air (oxygen). Monomer vapors

are uninhibited and may form polymers in vent or flame arresters, resulting in blockage

of vents

• STORAGE TEMPERATURE: Preferably not exceeding 25 °C.

• INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE Wash face and

PRACTICES:

Wash face and hands thoroughly with the soap and water after use and before eating,

drinking, smoking or applying cosmetics

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is no exceeded.

Consideration should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required.

The following information is given as general guidance.

• **RESPIRATORS:** Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment to lecels above the occupational

exposure limit is likely. A suitable mask with filter type A maybe appropriate. In the event of formation of particularly high levels of vapor a self-contained breathing

apparatus may be appropriate.

• EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses or chemical splash goggles.

• GLOVES: Wear suitable gloves. PVA/Polythylene laminate and supported PVA gloves offer the

best protection. Gloves should be Changed regularly and if excessive exposure has

occurred.

• OTHER: Wear suitable protective clothing.

• OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE

LIMITS: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT (S):

PEL (OSHA): 100 ppm, 410 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 Hr. TWA TLV (ACGIH): 100 ppm, 410 mg/m³, 8 Hr. TWA COMPANY RECOMMENDATION: 50 ppm, 205 mg/m³, 8 Hr.TWA; 100 ppm, 410 mg/m³ 15 min. STEL

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

• **VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1):** 3.5 AT 15.5°C (60°F)

• VAPOR PRESSURE 20°C (68°F)

(29 mmHg):

• WATER SOLUBILITY: 1.6% GM AT 20° C (68°F)

• PERCENT VOLATILE (WW%): (H<sub>2</sub>O=1): 99+

101° C, 214°F • BOIL POINT:

0.94 • SPECIFIC GRAVITY:

Characteristic • ODOR:

Liquid • FORM:

Colorless • COLOR:

Like water • VISCOSITY:

• EVAPORATION RATE

(BuAc=1):

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

• HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Stable in the presence of inhibitor.

3.0

Susceptible to polymerization initiated by prolonged heating or the presence of

catalyst.

Incompatible materials: Polymersation catalysts, such as peroxy or azo compounds,

strong acids, Alkalis and oxidizing agents.

• HAZARDOUS DECOMPOTION

PRODUCT (S):

Does not decompose up to auto-ignition temperature.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

• INHALATION: Irritating to respiratory system. High atmospheric concentrations may lead to irritation

of the respiratory trao dizziness, headache and anesthetic effects.

• SKIN: May cause sensitization by skin contact. Irritating to skin. Repeated and / of prolonged

contact may cause dermatitis.

Irritating to eyes. High vapor concentration will cause irritation. • EYE:

• INGESTION: Low oral toxicity, but ingestion may cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.

Repeated exposure to high levels produces adverse effects on the heart, lungs, liver,

and kidnevs. • LONG TERM EXPOSURE:

Repeated exposure of animals by inhalation to levels at or above the occupational exposure level produces adverse effects on the nasal epithelium (levels of 100 and 400 ppm).

Recent studies in animals have shown that high exposures do not produce embryo or foetotoxic nor teratogenic effects in the presence of maternal toxicity.

None of these effects are likely to occur in humans, provided exposure is maintained at or below the occupational exposure limit.

• TOXICITY DATA:

For Methacrylate:

Acute Oral Rat LD50: 7990 mg/kg 35.500 mg/kg Acute Dermal Rabbit LD50:

Acute Inhalation Rat: LD50 >12,500 to 16,500 ppm for 0.5 hours

Inhalation Human TC<sub>Lo</sub> 125 ppm Inhalation Human TCLo 60 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Human Patch Test: Approximate on-third of subjects developed mild redness at the site of application.

Twenty percent showed sensitivity when tested 10 days later.

#### 12. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

• ENVIRONIMENAL FATE AND **DISTRIBUTION:** 

High tonnage material produced in wholly contained systems. Liquid with moderate

volatility. The product is sparingly soluble in water.

The product has low potential for bioaccumulation. The product is predicted to have

high mobility in soil.

• PERSISTENCE AND Not readily biodegradable.

**DEGRADATION:** Chemical Oxygent Demand (COD) 88% (28 days). Inherent Biodegradation:

Dissolved Organic Carbon Removal (DOC removal) . 95% (28 days)/

• TOXICITY: Low toxicity to fish.

LC<sub>50</sub> (fish) Typically: -.100 mg/l.

LC<sub>50</sub> (fathead minnow) (96 hour) (static) 130 mg/l Harmful to aquatic invertebrates. EC50 (Daphnia magna) (48 hour) 69 mg/l

Low toxicity to algas.

EC50 (selenastrum capricomutum) (96 hour) 170 mg/l

• EFFECT ON EFFLUENT TREATMENT:

The product is substantially removed in biological treatment processes.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal should be in accordance with local. State or national legislation. Incinerate under approved controlled conditions, using incinerators suitable for the disposal of methyl methacrylate. Decontaminate empty drums before recycling.

#### 14. TRANSPORTATION

• UN NO.: 1247

• TRANSPORT BY LAND:

UN no.: 1247

GGVS: Class 3, item 3b ADR: Class 3, item 3b

GGVS/ADR note: Methyl methacrylate, inhibited.

GGVE: Class 3, item 3b RID: Class 3, item 3b

GGVE/RID note: Methyl methacrylate, inhibited.

Tank lorry RN 10500: 339/1247
Packing roup land: II

• TRANSPORT THROUGH THE AIR:

UN no./ID no: 1247 ICAO/IATA: Class 3

Technical name: Methyl Methacrylate, inhibited.

Packing group air:

• TRANSPORT BY SEA:

UN no. sea: 1247
IMDG/GGVSee code: Class 3.2
EmS: 3-07
MFAG: 330

Technical neme: Methyl methacrylate, inhibited.

Packing group sea: II
• TRANSPORT BY INLAND WATERWAYS:

ADNR: Class 3 (IIIa), item 1a

ADNR category: K 1 n

Note inland Waterways: Methyl methacrylate.

• FURTHER INFORMATION:

The product contains more than 70% methyl Methacrylate, monomer, stabilized by hydroquinone.

Registration EC list hazardous material:

 Methyl methacrylate
 607-035-00-6

 Cross linker
 607-114-00-5

 Accelerator
 612-056-00-9

 Hydroquinone
 604-005-00-4

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

• EC REGULATIONS:

• EINECS: All chemical listed

• EEC Classification: HIGHLY FLAMMABLE AND HARMFUL

Symbol: Indication of Danger

F Highly Flammable

Xn Harmful

· Risk Phrases: R11 Highly flammable.

R20/21/22 Harmful by inhalation. And in contact with skin. R36/37/38. Irritation to the eyes, respiratory system and skin. R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact.

S9 Keep container in well ventilated place. · Safety Phrases:

S 16 Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek

medical advice.

S33 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

S60 This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

• CANADIAN REGULATIONS:

included

B2 Flammable Liquid • WHMIS Classification:

D2B Toxic

FOR USE IN FDA REGULATED PRODUCTS ONLY TSCA:

#### 16. **OTHER INFORMATION**

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HMIS) RATING:

HEALTH = 2FLAMMABILITY = 3 REACTIVITY = 2

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT – Gloves and safety glasses or chemical splash goggles.

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) HAZARD IDENTIFICATION RATING:

HEALTH = 2FLAMMABILITY = 3 REACTIVITY = 2

This data sheet was prepared in accordance with Directive 91/155/EEC.

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